* What are logical and physical tags in HTML?
* Physical Tags
  + Physical tags are used to indicate that how specific characters are to be formatted or indicated using HTML tags.
  + Any physical style tag may contain any item allowed in text, including conventional text, images, line breaks, etc.
  + Physical tags can only be used for styling purposes for specific elements.
* Syntax
* <tagname>Content</tagname>
* Some Physical Tags
* - <sup> : Superscript is usually used for showing elements above base-line
* - <sub> : The subscript is used for alternate baseline.
* - <i> : An Italic tag is used to define a text with a special meaning.
* - <big> : Big tag increase the font size by 1 (Note: You can not use the big tag in HTML 5)
* - <small> : A small tag defines the small text, and it is used while writing copyright.
* - <b> : Bold increases the importance of the text because bold tag convert the text into bold size.
* - <u> : It is used to underline the text.
* Logical Tags
  + Logical tags are used to tell the browser what kind of text is written inside the tags.
  + Logical tags are also known as Structural tags because they specify the structure of the document.
* - <abbr> : Defines the abbreviation of text.
* - <address> : Contact information of a person or an organization.
* - <cite> : Defines citation. It displays the text in italic format.
  + <blockquote> : Defines a long quotation.
* - <del> : Defines the deleted text and is used to mark a portion of text which has been deleted from the document.
* - <dfn> : Defines the definition element and is used to representing a defining instance in HTML.
* - <ins> : Defines inserted text.
* - <pre> : Defines the block of preformatted text which preserves the text spaces, line breaks, tabs, and other formatting characters which are ignored by web browsers.
* - <q> : Defines the short quotation.
* - <strong> : Defines strong text i.e. show the importance of the text. What are logical and physical tags in HTML?
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